microsonic Product Description The lpc+ sensor offers a non-contact



Operating Manual

Ultrasonic proximity switch with one analogue output, one switching output and IO-Link

lpc+15/CFU	lpc+15/WK/CFU
lpc+25/CFU	lpc+25/WK/CFU
lpc+35/CFU	lpc+35/WK/CFU
lpc+100/CFU	lpc+100/WK/CFU

Diagram 1: Set sensor parameters via the Teach-in procedure

Safety instructions

- Read the operating manual prior to start-up.
- Connection, installation and adjustments may only be carried out by qualified staff.
- No safety component in accordance with the EU Machine Directive, use in the area of personal and machine protection not permitted

Proper Use

measurement of the distance to an

object which must be positioned

within the sensor's detection zone.

The switching output is set conditional

upon the adjusted switching distance.

A distance-proportional analogue sig-

nal is output depending on the set

Via the Teach-in procedure, the detect

distance and operating mode can be

adjusted. The states of the switching

and analogue output are each indica-

The lpc+ sensor is IO-Link-capable in

accordance with IO-Link specification

V1.1 and supports Smart Sensor Pro-

file like Digital Measuring Sensor. The

sensor can be monitored and parame-

ted by two LEDs (green/yellow).

window limits.

IO-Link

terized via IO-Link.

lpc+ ultrasonic sensors are used for non-contact detection of objects.

Installation

- → Mount the sensor at the place of fitting
- → Connect a connection cable to the M12 device plug, see Fig. 1.

	microsonic notation	IO-Link notation	IO-Link Smart Sensor Profile	colour
1	+U _B	L+		brown
2	U	U	ASC1	white
3	-U _B	L-		blue
4	F	C/Q	SSC1	black
5	Com	NC		grey

Fig. 1: Pin assignment with view onto sensor plug, IO-Link notation and colour coding of the microsonic connection cables

Start-up

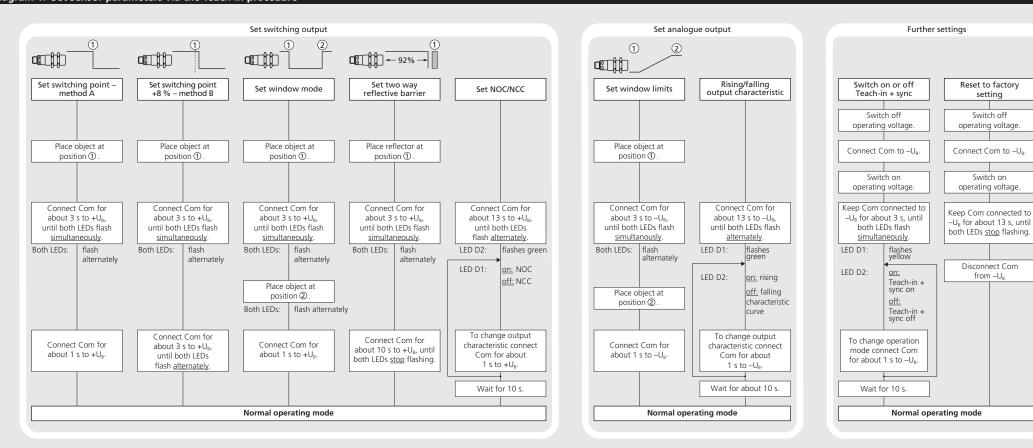
Diagram 1.

Factory Settings

- → Connect the power supply.
- → Set the parameters of the sensor by
- using the Teach-in procedure, see

 - Filter strength at P00
- Switching output on NOC
- Switching distance at operating
- Switching point operation
- range

- Rising analogue characteristic
- Window limits for the analogue output at maximum value of the blind zone and the operating range
- Input Com set to »Teach-in + Sync«
- Filter at F01



Operating modes

Three operating modes are available for the switching output:

Operation with one switching point

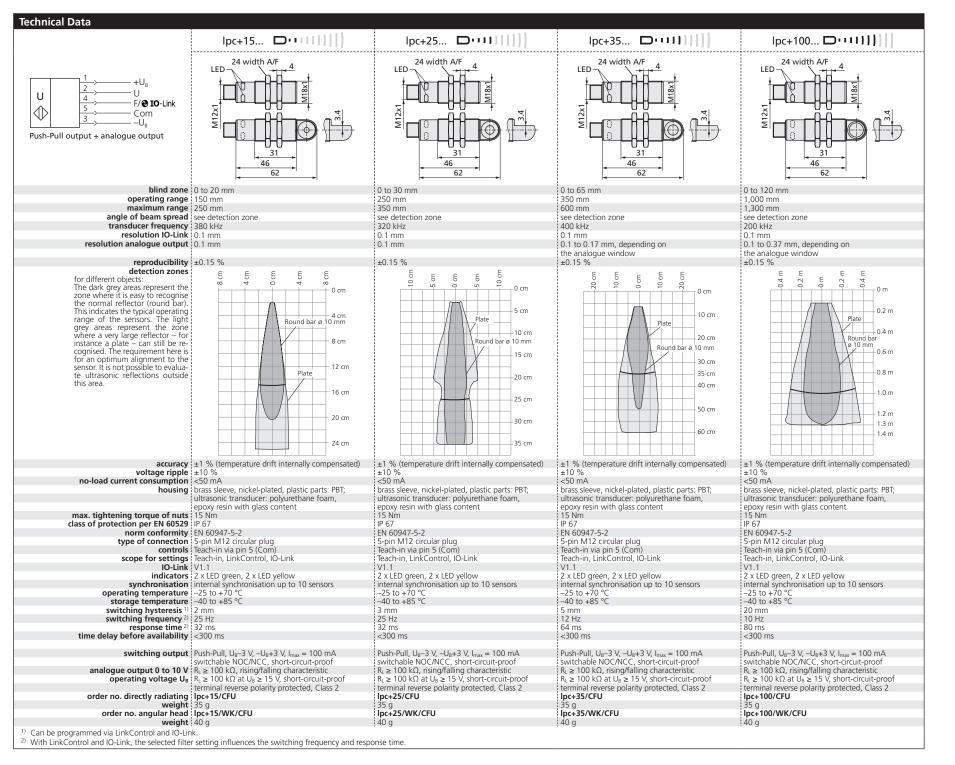
The switching output is set when the object falls below the set switching point.

Window mode

The switching output is set when the object is outside the window limits

Two-way reflective barrier

The switching output is set when the object is between sensor and fixed reflector.



MV-DO-187685-842735

Enclosure Type 1

For use only in industrial machinery NFPA 79 applications.

The proximity switches shall be used with a Listed

(CYIV/7) cable/connector assembly rated mini-

mum 32 Vdc, minimum 290 mA, in the final in-

X KA CE 2014/30/EU

c UL us

LISTED

stallation

Synchronisation

If the assembly distance of multiple sensors falls below the values shown in Fig. 2, the internal synchronisation should be used (»Teach-in + sync« must be switched on, see Diagram 1). For this purpose set the switching and analogue outputs of all sensors in accordance with Diagram 1. Finally interconnect each pin 5 of the sensors to be synchronised.

	₽	
	Ď	D↔Q
lpc+15	≥0.25 m	≥1.30 m
lpc+25	≥0.35 m	≥2.50 m
lpc+35	≥0.40 m	≥2.50 m
lpc+100	≥0.70 m	≥4.00 m

Fig. 2: Minimal assembly distances without synchronisation

Maintenance

microsonic sensors are maintenancefree. In case of excess caked-on dirt we recommend cleaning the white sensor surface.

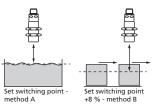
Notes

- Pin 5 (Com) of the sensor may only be connected during Teach-in procedures or for synchronisation.
- The sensors of the lpc+ family have a blind zone, within which a distance measurement is not possible.
- The lpc+ sensors are equipped with an internal temperature compensation. Due to the sensors self heating, the temperature compensation reaches its optimal working point after approx. 120 seconds of operation.
- In the normal operating mode, an illuminated yellow LED D2 signals that the related switching output is set.
- In the normal operating mode, an illuminated yellow LED D1 signals that the object is within the analogue window limits.
- In IO-Link mode, the green LED D2 flashes.

- In the »Two-way reflective barrier« operating mode, the object has to be within the range of 0 to 92 % of the set distance.
- In the »Set switching point method A« Teach-in procedure the actual distance to the object is taught to the sensor as the detect point. If the object moves towards the sensor (e.g. with level control) then the taught distance is the level at which the sensor has to switch the output, see Fig. 3.
- If the object to be scanned moves into the detection area from the side, the »Set switching point +8 %

 method B« Teach-in procedure should be used. In this way the switching distance is set 8 % further than the actual measured distance to the object.

This ensures a reliable switching behavior even if the height of the objects varies slightly, see Fig. 3.



- Fig. 3: Setting the switching point for different directions of movement of the object
- The sensor can be reset to its factory setting (see »Further settings«).
- The lpc+ sensor can be blocked against changes in the sensor via function »Switch on or off Teach-in + sync«, see Diagram 1.
- Using the LinkControl adapter LCA-2 (optional accessory) and the Link-Control software for Windows®, all Teach-in and additional sensor parameter can be optionally adjusted.
- The latest IODD file and informations about start-up and configuration of lpc+ sensors via IO-Link, you will find online at:
 - https://www.microsonic.de/en/lpc+